

The Future of Analog IC Technology

DESCRIPTION

The MP8802 is a low-noise, low-dropout linear regulator. It operates from 2.7V to 6.5V input voltage, and regulates the output voltage with 2% accuracy at 2.5V, 2.85V, 3.3V, or from 1.25V to 5V.

The MP8802 can supply up to 250mA of load current. The MP8802 features thermal overload protection. It is available in a 5-pin TSOT23-5 package.

FIXED VOLTAGE PART NUMBERS

| Part Number | Output Voltage |
|---------------|----------------|
| MP8802DJ-2.5 | 2.5V |
| MP8802DJ-2.85 | 2.85V |
| MP8802DJ-3.3 | 3.3V |

EVALUATION BOARD REFERENCE

| Board Number | Output* | Dimensions |
|--------------|---------|-----------------------|
| EV8802DJ-00A | 2.85V | 2.0"X x 2.0"Y x 0.4"Z |

* Default output voltage adjustable from 1.25V to 5.0V using an external resistor divider.

MP8802 Low Dropout 250mA Linear Regulator

FEATURES

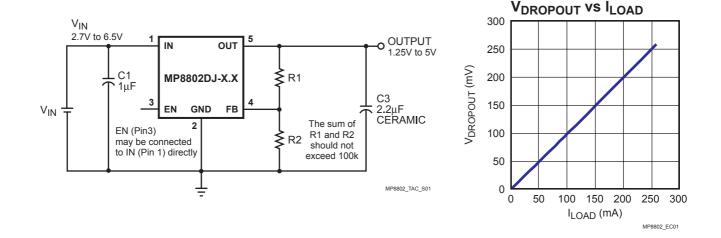
- Low 250mV Dropout at 250mA Output
- 2% Accurate Output Voltage
- Fixed Output Voltage Options of 2.5V, 2.85V or 3.3V
- Adjustable Output Voltage Option from 1.25V to 5V using an External Resistor Divider
- Up to 6.5V Input Voltage
- High PSRR
 - o 70dB at 1KHz
 - o 30dB at 1MHz
- Better Than 0.001%/mA Load Regulation
- Stable With Low-ESR Output Capacitor
- Low 125µA Ground Current
- Internal Thermal Protection

APPLICATIONS

- 802.11 PC Cards
- Mobile Handset PLL Power
- Audio Codec Power

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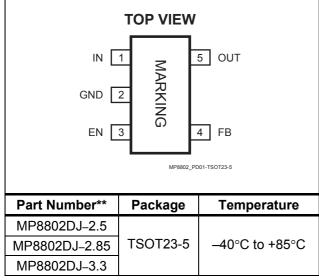
TYPICAL APPLICATION



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PACKAGE REFERENCE



** For Tape & Reel, add suffix –Z (eg. MP8802DJ–2.85–Z) For Lead Free, add suffix –LF (eg. MP8802DJ–2.85–LF–Z)

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

V_{IN} = 5V, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (1)

| IN Supply Voltage | –0.3V to +7.0V | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| FB Voltage | -0.3V to V _{OUT} + 0.3V | | | | |
| All Other Pins | | | | | |
| Junction Temperature | 150°C | | | | |
| Lead Temperature | 260°C | | | | |
| Storage Temperature | | | | | |
| Recommended Operating Conditions ⁽²⁾ | | | | | |
| Input Voltage | | | | | |
| Output Voltage | 1.25V to 5V | | | | |
| Load Current | 250mA Maximum | | | | |
| Operating Temperature | 40°C to +85°C | | | | |
| Thermal Resistance ⁽³⁾ | $\boldsymbol{\theta}_{JA}$ $\boldsymbol{\theta}_{JC}$ | | | | |
| | VJA VJC | | | | |

Notes:

1) Exceeding these ratings may damage the device.

2) The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its operating conditions.

3) Measured on approximately 1" square of 1 oz copper.

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | | Min | Тур ⁽⁴⁾ | Max | Units |
|-------------------------------|--------|---|-------------------------------|-------|--------------------|-------|--------|
| Operating Voltage | | I _{OUT} = 1mA | | 2.7 | | 6.5 | V |
| Output Voltage Accuracy | | $I_{OUT} = 1$ mA, $V_{OUT} = 1.25$ V to 5V | | 2.0 | ±1.0 | 2.0 | % |
| Ground Pin Current | | I _{OUT} = 1mA–250mA | | | 125 | 155 | μA |
| Shutdown Current | | $V_{\rm EN} = 0V, V_{\rm IN} = 5V$ | | | 0.1 | 1 | μA |
| FB Regulation Voltage | | $-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +85^{\circ}C$ | | 1.197 | 1.222 | 1.246 | V |
| FB Regulation voltage | | | | 1.194 | 1.222 | 1.249 | |
| Dropout Voltage (5) | | I = 250 m | V _{OUT} = 3V | | 230 | | mV |
| Diopour voltage | | I _{OUT} = 250mA V _{OUT} = 3V V _{OUT} = 4V | | | 190 | | mv |
| Line Regulation | | $I_{OUT} = 1mA,$ $V_{IN} = (V_{OUT} + 0.5V) \text{ to } 6.5V ^{(6)}$ | | | 0.005 | 0.08 | %/V |
| Load Regulation | | I_{OUT} = 1mA to 250mA, V _{IN} = V _{OUT} + 0.5V ⁽⁶⁾ | | | 0.001 | 0.02 | %/mA |
| PSRR | | $V_{IN} > V_{OUT} +0.5V, C_{OUT} = 2.2\mu F,$ $V_{IN}(AC) = 100mV, f = 1kHz$ | | | 70 | | dB |
| PSKR | | $V_{IN} > V_{OUT} + 0.5V, C_{OUT} = 2.2\mu F,$ $V_{IN}(AC) = 100mV, f = 1MHz$ | | | 30 | | dB |
| Output Voltage Noise | | $f = 1 kHz, C_{FB} > 0$ | 0.1μF, Ι _{ουτ} = 1mA | | 300 | | nV/√Hz |
| EN Input High Voltage | | | | | | 1.5 | V |
| EN Input Low Voltage | | | | 0.4 | | | V |
| EN Input Bias Current | | V _{EN} = 0V, 5V | | | 0.01 | 1 | μA |
| Thermal Protection | | | | | 155 | | °C |
| Thermal Protection Hysteresis | | | | | 30 | | °C |

Notes:

4) Parameter is guaranteed by design, not production tested.

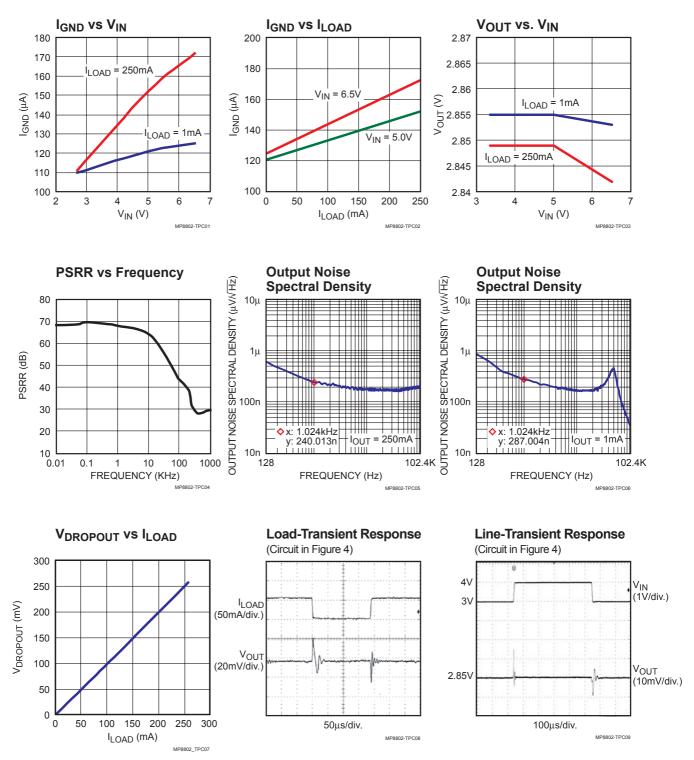
5) Dropout Voltage is defined as the input to output differential when the output voltage drops 1% below its normal value.

6) $V_{IN} = 2.7V$ for $V_{OUT} = 1.25V$ to 2.2V



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

V_{IN} = 4.5V, V_{OUT} = 2.85V, C1 = 1µF, C2 = 0.1µF, C3 = 2.2µF, T_A = +25°C unless otherwise noted.



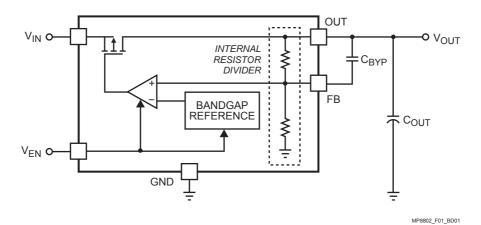


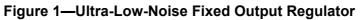
PIN FUNCTIONS

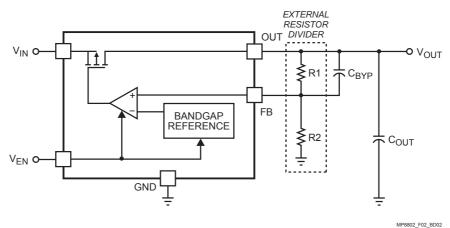
| Pin # | Name | Description |
|-------|------|---|
| 1 | IN | Power Source Input. IN supplies the internal power to the MP8802 and is the source of the pass transistor. Bypass IN to GND with a 1μ F or greater capacitor. |
| 2 | GND | Ground. |
| 3 | EN | Enable Input. Drive EN high to turn on the MP8802, drive EN low to turn it off. For automatic startup, connect EN to IN. |
| 4 | FB | Feedback Input. Connect a resistive voltage divider from OUT to FB to set the output voltage. OUT feedback threshold is 1.222V. |
| 5 | OUT | Regulator Output. OUT is the output of the linear regulator. Bypass OUT to GND with a 1μ F or greater capacitor. |

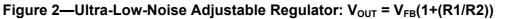
OPERATION

The MP8802 is a low-current, low-noise, high-PSRR, low-dropout, linear regulator. It is intended for use in devices that require very low noise power supplies and high-PSRR such as PLL VCO supplies for mobile handsets and 802.11 PC Cards, as well as audio codecs and microphones. The MP8802 uses a PMOS pass element and features internal thermal shutdown. As shown in Figures 1 and 2, optional feed-forward capacitor C_{BYP} may be added between FB and OUT pins for an improved transient response.











APPLICATION INFORMATION SETTING THE OUTPUT VOLTAGE

The fixed output voltage of the MP8802DJ is set to 2.5V, 2.85V or 3.3V, depending on the internal resistor divider (Figure 1). You can also adjust the output voltage by using an external resistor divider (R1 and R2 in Figure 2). However, the sum of R1 and R2 should not exceed 100k Ω to minimize the impact of the internal resistor divider. For accurate outputvoltage setting, it is suggested to use 10k Ω (±1%) for the low-side resistor R2 of the voltage divider, the high side resistor R1 can be determined by the equation:

$$R1 = R2 \times \left(\frac{V_{OUT} - V_{FB}}{V_{FB}}\right)$$

Where V_{FB} is the OUT feedback threshold voltage equal to 1.222V.

Example: For 2.5V Output

$$R1 = \frac{2.5V - 1.222V}{\left(\frac{1.222V}{10k\Omega}\right)} = 10.41k\Omega$$

You can select a standard 10.5k Ω (±1%) resistor for R1.

The following table lists the selected R1 values for some typical output voltages:

| - | • |
|----------------------|--------|
| V _{OUT} (V) | R1 (Ω) |
| 1.25 | 232 |
| 1.5 | 2.26k |
| 1.8 | 4.75k |
| 2 | 6.34k |
| 2.5 | 10.5k |
| 2.8 | 13k |
| 3 | 14.7k |
| 3.3 | 16.9k |
| 4 | 22.6k |
| 5 | 30.9k |
| | |

 Table 1—Adjustable Output Voltage R1 Values

In Figures 3 and 4, C2 is added for an improved transient response.



TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

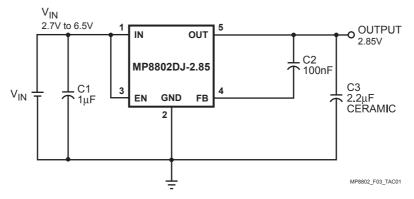


Figure 3—Typical Application Circuit (Fixed)

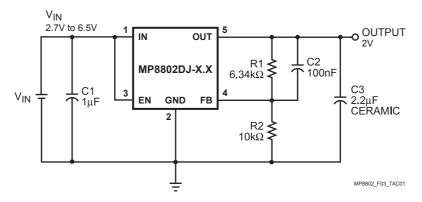
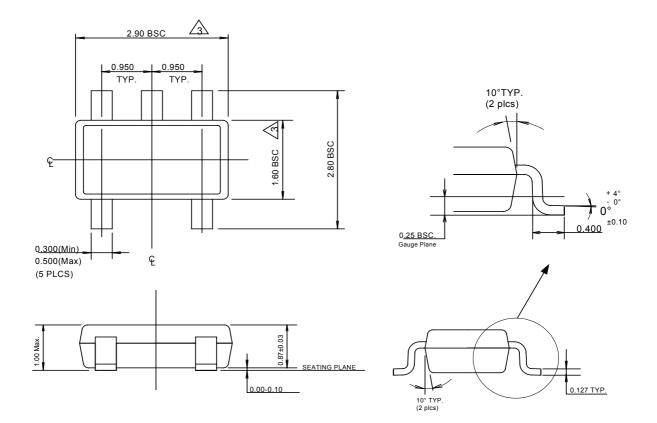


Figure 4—Typical Application Circuit (Adjustable)



PACKAGE INFORMATION





Dimensions are in millimeters

NOTE:

- 1. Dimensions and tolerances are as per ANSI
- Y14.5M, 1994.
- 2. Die is facing up for mold. Die is facing down for trim/form, ie. reverse trim/form.

3 Dimensions are exclusive of mold flash and gate burr.

- 4. The footlength measuring is based on the gauge plane method.
- 5. All specification comply to Jedec Spec MO193 Issue C.

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